Chapter 115

1999 EDITION

Claims; Actions and Suits

CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES

115.001	Effect of direction to pay debts, charges, taxes or expenses
115.003	Personal representative to make diligent search for claimants; notice to claimants; contents; affidavit of compliance
115.004	Recovery for failure to make search or give notice; indemnification; time for commencing action
115.005	Presentation of claims; time limitations
115.008	Application of time limitations to public bodies
115.025	Form of claims
115.035	Waiver of defect or insufficiency
115.045	Written evidence of claim
115.055	Claims on debts due
115.065	Claims on secured debts due
115.070	Claims on debts reduced to judgments
115.075	Claims on debts not due
115.085	Claims on contingent and unliquidated debts
115.095	Compromise of claims
115.105	Claims of personal representative
115.115	Payment of claims
115.125	Order of payment of expenses and claims
115.135	Allowance and disallowance of claims
115.145	Procedure by claimant on disallowance of claim
115.155	Separate action required by personal representative
115.165	Summary determination procedure
115.175	Interested persons heard in summary determination or separate action

115.185	Creditor may obtain order for payment	
115.195	Proof for court allowance of disallowed claim	
115.205	Waiver of statute of limitations	
115.215	Extension of statute of limitations	
DISCHARGE OF ENCUMBRANCES		
115.255	Discharge of encumbrances	
115.265	Power to redeem estate property	
115.275	Encumbered assets; powers of personal representative	
ACTIONS	AND SUITS	
115.305	Survival of causes of action	
115.315	Continuation of action without claim presentation	
115.325	Action not to be commenced until claim presented and disallowed	
CROSS-R	EFERENCES	
Definitions	s, 111.005	
Savings as	sociation accounts, 722.262	
Small estates, administration, claims, 114.505 to 114.560		
Waiver of notices, 111.225		
115.005		
Cost of care of person at state institution, responsibility, 179.620, 179.740		
Disabled person, aid to, claim against estate of recipient, 412.600		
Industrial A	Accident Fund, amount due as preferred claim, 656.562	
Inheritance	e tax as lien, 118.230	
Jurisdiction	n of probate matters, 3.130	
Medical as	ssistance to the aged, claim against estate of recipient, 413.200	
Old-age assistance, claim against estate of recipient, 413.200		
Public assistance, claim against estate of recipient, 416.310		
115.305		

CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES

115.001 Effect of direction to pay debts, charges, taxes or expenses. A mere testamentary direction to pay debts, charges, taxes or expenses of administration shall not be considered a direction for exoneration from encumbrances. [1973 c.506 s.35]

115.003 Personal representative to make diligent search for claimants; notice to claimants; contents; affidavit of compliance. (1) During the three months following appointment, unless a longer time is allowed by the court, the personal representative shall make reasonably diligent efforts to investigate the financial records and affairs of the decedent and shall take such further actions as may be reasonably necessary to ascertain the identity and address of each person who has or asserts a claim against the estate. The personal representative shall request and the court shall allow a longer time for ascertaining claims if the personal representative cannot complete reasonably diligent efforts to identify persons with claims during the time required by this section or by a previous order of the court.

- (2) Not later than 30 days after expiration of the period, including any extensions, described in subsection (1) of this section, the personal representative shall cause to be delivered or mailed to each person known by the personal representative during such period to have or assert a claim against the estate a notice containing the information required in subsection (3) of this section, except that it shall not be necessary to give notice on account of a claim that has already been presented, accepted or paid in full or on account of a claim that is merely conjectural. The personal representative may also cause such a notice to be delivered or mailed to any person discovered by the personal representative after expiration of the period described in subsection (1) of this section to have or assert a claim against the estate.
 - (3) The notice shall include:
 - (a) The title of the court in which the estate proceeding is pending;
 - (b) The name of the decedent;
 - (c) The name of the personal representative and the address at which claims are to be presented;
- (d) A statement that claims against the estate not presented to the personal representative within 30 days of the date of the notice may be barred; and
 - (e) The date of the notice, which shall be the date on which it is delivered or mailed.
- (4) Not later than 60 days after expiration of the period, including any extensions, described in subsection (1) of this section, the personal representative shall cause to be filed in the estate proceeding proof by an affidavit of compliance with subsections (1) and (2) of this section. The affidavit shall include a copy of the form of any notice delivered or mailed, the date on which each notice was delivered or mailed and the name and address of the person to whom each notice was delivered or mailed.
- (5) The failure of the personal representative to make reasonably diligent efforts to ascertain claims as required by subsection (1) of this section or to cause a notice to be delivered or mailed as required by subsection (2) of this section is a breach of duty to the persons concerned, but does not affect the validity of appointment, duties or powers or the exercise of duties or powers. [1989 c.229 s.2]

115.004 Recovery for failure to make search or give notice; indemnification; time for commencing action. If, as a result of breach of a duty imposed by ORS 115.003, a claim or any part of a claim is not paid from the estate during administration, the amount of the claim may be recovered as follows:

- (1) The claimant shall have a cause of action against the personal representative and the surety for the personal representative for the amount the claimant would have been paid from the estate had all claims not barred from payment been presented within the time required by ORS 115.005 (2) and allowed by the personal representative, provided that any payment on account of a judgment entered under subsection (2) of this section shall also satisfy a judgment entered under this subsection in the amount of the payment.
- (2) The claimant shall have a cause of action against each interested person who received a distribution or other payment from the estate for the amount by which the payment received would have been reduced by payment of the claim from the estate had all claims not barred from payment been presented within the time required by ORS 115.005 (2) and allowed by the personal representative, provided that any payment on account of a judgment entered under subsection (1) of this section shall also satisfy a pro rata portion of each judgment entered under this subsection.
 - (3) Each interested person who received a distribution or other payment from the estate shall indemnify the

personal representative and the surety for the personal representative against liability on the claim in the amount by which the payment received would have been reduced by payment of the claim from the estate had all claims not barred from payment been presented within the time required by ORS 115.005 (2) and allowed by the personal representative.

- (4) Each interested person who received a distribution or other payment from the estate shall indemnify the personal representative and the surety for the personal representative against the reasonable costs, including attorney fees, of defense of the action in the same proportion and to the same extent as such distributee would be required to indemnify against the claim under subsection (3) of this section:
- (a) If the personal representative prevails against the claimant, in such proportion of the full amount of such costs; or
- (b) If the claimant prevails against the personal representative, in such proportion of the amount of any such costs which could have been reasonably incurred by the estate upon disallowance of the claim had it been presented within the time required by ORS 115.005 (2).
- (5) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, an action under this section against a personal representative, the surety for a personal representative or an interested person shall be commenced within two years after the death of the decedent or within the statute of limitations applicable to the claim, whichever is earlier.
- (6) An action for indemnity under subsection (3) or (4) of this section shall be commenced within the time required by subsection (5) of this section, unless:
- (a) Notice of the action giving rise to the claim for indemnity is given to each party from whom indemnity is sought personally or by mail to the party's last-known address within 180 days after the complaint in the action is served on the party seeking indemnity; and
- (b) The action is commenced within one year after a judgment in the action giving rise to the claim for indemnity becomes final and not subject to further appeal. [1989 c.229 s.3]
- 115.005 Presentation of claims; time limitations. (1) Claims against the estate of a decedent, other than claims of the personal representative as a creditor of the decedent, shall be presented to the personal representative.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a claim is barred from payment from the estate if not presented before the later of:
 - (a) Four months after the date of first publication of notice to interested persons; or
- (b) If the claim was one with respect to which the personal representative was required to deliver or mail a notice under ORS 115.003 (2), 30 days after a notice meeting the requirements of ORS 115.003 (3) is delivered or mailed to the last-known address of the person asserting the claim.
- (3) A claim against the estate presented subsequent to the day after which claims are barred under subsection (2) of this section shall be paid from the estate, but only to the extent that payment can be made without prejudice to payment of expenses having priority over claims under ORS 115.125 and payment of the previously presented claims of other persons, if it meets each of the following requirements:
- (a) It is presented on or before the day after which claims are barred under subsection (4) of this section and also before the day on which the personal representative files the final account;
- (b) It is presented by a person who did not receive a notice under ORS 115.003 mailed or delivered more than 30 days prior to the date on which the claim is presented and who is not an assignee of a person who received such notice; and
 - (c) It would be allowable but for the time at which it is presented.
- (4) Claims not presented within two years after the death of the decedent or within the applicable statute of limitations, whichever is earlier, are barred from payment from the estate.
 - (5) This section does not affect or prevent:
- (a) Any proceeding to enforce a mortgage, pledge or other lien upon property of the estate, or to quiet title or reform any instrument with respect to title to property; or
- (b) To the limits of the insurance protection only, any proceeding to establish liability of the decedent or the personal representative for which the decedent or personal representative is protected by liability insurance at the time the proceeding is commenced. [1969 c.591 s.141; 1973 c.506 s.29; 1989 c.229 s.4; 1993 c.214 s.1]
- 115.008 Application of time limitations to public bodies. Notwithstanding ORS 12.250, all statutes of limitation and other time limitations imposed under this chapter apply to actions brought in the name of the state, or brought in the name of any county or public corporation, and to actions brought for the benefit of the state or for the benefit of

any county or public corporation. [1999 c.675 s.3]

115.010 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.015 [1969 c.591 s.141a; 1973 c.506 s.30; repealed by 1989 c.229 s.15]

115.020 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.025 Form of claims. Each claim presented shall:

- (1) Be in writing.
- (2) Describe the nature and the amount thereof, if ascertainable.
- (3) State the names and addresses of the claimant and, if any, the attorney of the claimant. [1969 c.591 s.142; 1973 c.506 s.31]
- **115.035 Waiver of defect or insufficiency.** A defect of form of a claim timely presented may be waived by the personal representative or by the court. [1969 c.591 s.143; 1973 c.506 s.32]
- 115.045 Written evidence of claim. When it appears that there is written evidence of a claim that has been presented to the personal representative, the claimant, upon demand by the personal representative, shall produce the evidence or account for its nonproduction. [1969 c.591 s.144]
- 115.055 Claims on debts due. If a claim on a debt due is presented and allowed, allowance shall be in the amount of the debt remaining unpaid on the date of allowance. [1969 c.591 s.145]
- 115.065 Claims on secured debts due. (1) A claim on a debt due for which the creditor holds security may be presented as a claim on an unsecured debt due, or the creditor may elect to rely entirely on the security without presentation of the claim.
- (2) If the claim is presented, it shall describe the security. If the security is an encumbrance that is recorded, it is sufficient to describe the encumbrance by reference to the book, page, date and place of recording.
- (3) If the claim is presented and allowed, allowance shall be in the amount of the debt remaining unpaid on the date of allowance.
 - (4) If the creditor surrenders the security, payment shall be on the basis of the amount allowed.
 - (5) If the creditor does not surrender the security, payment shall be on the basis of:
- (a) If the creditor exhausts the security before receiving payment, unless precluded by other law, the amount allowed, less the amount realized on exhausting the security; or
- (b) If the creditor does not exhaust the security before receiving payment or does not have the right to exhaust the security, the amount allowed, less the value of the security determined by agreement or as the court may order.
- (6) The personal representative may convey the secured property to the creditor in consideration of the satisfaction or partial satisfaction of the claim. [1969 c.591 s.146; 1989 c.229 s.5]
- 115.070 Claims on debts reduced to judgments. If a judgment was entered on a claim prior to the death of the decedent, the claim shall be presented in the same manner as if no judgment had been entered, and a copy of the judgment shall be attached to the claim. Such a claim may be disallowed only if the judgment was void or voidable, or if the judgment could have been set aside on the date of the decedent's death, or if the claim is not presented within the time required by ORS 115.005. If the judgment was a lien against the property of the estate on the date of the decedent's death it shall be treated as a claim on a debt due for which the creditor holds security. In all other respects a claim which has been reduced to judgment shall have the same priority under ORS 115.125 as it would have had were it not reduced to judgment. [1989 c.229 s.11]
- 115.075 Claims on debts not due. A claim on a debt not due, whether or not the creditor holds security therefor, may be presented as a claim on a debt due. If the claim is allowed, allowance shall be in an amount equal to the value of the debt on the date of allowance. The creditor, after allowance of the claim, may withdraw the claim without prejudice to other remedies. Payment on the basis of the amount allowed discharges the debt and the security, if any, held by the creditor therefor. [1969 c.591 s.147]

- 115.085 Claims on contingent and unliquidated debts. (1) A claim on a contingent or unliquidated debt shall be presented as any other claim.
- (2) If the debt becomes absolute or liquidated before distribution of the estate, the claim shall be paid in the same manner as a claim on an absolute or liquidated debt.
- (3) If the debt does not become absolute or liquidated before distribution of the estate, the court shall provide for payment of the claim by any of the following methods:
- (a) The creditor and personal representative may determine, by agreement, arbitration or compromise, the value of the debt, and upon approval thereof by the court, the claim may be allowed and paid in the same manner as a claim on an absolute or liquidated debt.
- (b) The court may order the personal representative to make distribution of the estate, but to retain sufficient funds to pay the claim if and when the debt becomes absolute or liquidated. The estate may not be kept open for this purpose more than two years after distribution of the remainder of the estate. If the debt does not become absolute or liquidated within that time, the funds retained, after payment therefrom of any expenses accruing during that time, shall be distributed to the distributees.
- (c) The court may order the personal representative to make distribution of the estate as though the claim did not exist.
- (d) If after distribution under paragraph (b) or (c) of this subsection the debt becomes absolute or liquidated, the distributees are liable to the creditor to the extent of the estate received by them. Payment of the debt may be arranged by creating a trust, giving a mortgage, securing a bond from a distributee or by such other method as the court may order. [1969 c.591 s.148]
- **115.095 Compromise of claims.** The personal representative may compromise a claim against the estate of a decedent. [1969 c.591 s.149]
- 115.105 Claims of personal representative. A claim of a personal representative shall be filed with the clerk of the court within the time required by law for presentment of claims. Upon application by the personal representative or by any interested person the claim may be considered by the court on the hearing of the final account of the personal representative or prior to the hearing of the final account upon notice to interested persons. [1969 c.591 s.150; 1973 c.506 s.33]

115.110 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.115 Payment of claims. After the day on which all known claims are barred under ORS 115.005 (2), the personal representative, after making provision for support of spouse and children ordered by the court, for expenses of administration and for claims already presented which have not been allowed or allowance of which has been appealed, shall proceed to pay the claims allowed against the estate in the order of priority prescribed by ORS 115.125. After payment of those claims, claims presented and allowed under ORS 115.005 (3) shall be paid in the order in which they are received and to the extent of the remaining assets of the estate. [1969 c.591 s.151; 1989 c.229 s.6]

115.120 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

- 115.125 Order of payment of expenses and claims. (1) If the applicable assets of the estate are insufficient to pay all expenses and claims in full, the personal representative shall make payment in the following order:
 - (a) Support of spouse and children, subject to the limitations imposed by ORS 114.065.
 - (b) Expenses of administration.
 - (c) Expenses of a plain and decent funeral and disposition of the remains of the decedent.
 - (d) Debts and taxes with preference under federal law.
- (e) Reasonable and necessary medical and hospital expenses of the last illness of the decedent, including compensation of persons attending the decedent.
- (f) Taxes with preference under the laws of this state that are due and payable while possession of the estate of the decedent is retained by the personal representative.
- (g) Debts owed employees of the decedent for labor performed within 90 days immediately preceding the date of death of the decedent.

- (h) The claim of the Adult and Family Services Division for the net amount of public assistance, as defined in ORS 411.010, paid to or for the decedent, and the claim of the Mental Health and Developmental Disability Services Division for care and maintenance of any decedent who was at a state institution to the extent provided in ORS 179.610 to 179.770.
 - (i) All other claims against the estate.
- (2) If the applicable assets of the estate are insufficient to pay in full all expenses or claims of any one class specified in subsection (1) of this section, each expense or claim of that class shall be paid only in proportion to the amount thereof. [1969 c.591 s.152; 1969 c.597 s.279; 1973 c.402 s.32; 1979 c.684 s.17]

115.130 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

- 115.135 Allowance and disallowance of claims. (1) A claim presented to the personal representative shall be considered allowed as presented unless within 60 days after the date of presentment of the claim the personal representative mails or delivers a notice of disallowance of the claim in whole or in part to the claimant and, if any, the attorney of the claimant. The personal representative shall file in the estate proceeding the claim as presented and a copy of the notice of disallowance.
- (2) A notice of disallowance of a claim shall inform the claimant that the claim has been disallowed in whole or in part and, to the extent disallowed, will be barred unless the claimant proceeds as provided in ORS 115.145.
- (3) The personal representative may rescind the previous allowance of an unpaid claim, if the claim was allowed because of error, misinformation or excusable neglect. Not less than 30 days before the date of the filing of the final account the personal representative shall give notice of rescission of previous allowance of a claim to the claimant and, if any, the attorney of the claimant in the same manner and containing the same information as a notice of disallowance. [1969 c.591 s.153]

115.140 [Amended by 1955 c.292 s.1; repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

- **115.145 Procedure by claimant on disallowance of claim.** (1) If the personal representative disallows a claim in whole or in part, the claimant, within 30 days after the date of mailing or delivery of the notice of disallowance, may either:
- (a) File in the estate proceeding a request for summary determination of the claim by the probate court, with proof of service of a copy of the request upon the personal representative or the attorney of the personal representative; or
- (b) Commence a separate action against the personal representative on the claim in any court of competent jurisdiction. The action shall proceed and be tried as any other action.
- (2) If the claimant fails to either request a summary determination or commence a separate action as provided in subsection (1) of this section, the claim, to the extent disallowed by the personal representative, is barred.
- (3) In a proceeding for summary determination of a claim or in a separate action on a claim the claim shall be allowed or judgment entered on the claim in the full amount of the liability, if any, of the decedent to the claimant. However, the claim shall be paid only to the extent of the assets of the estate allocable to the payment of the claim pursuant to ORS 115.115 and 115.125. [1969 c.591 s.154; 1989 c.229 s.7]

115.150 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.155 Separate action required by personal representative. If the claimant files a request for summary determination of the claim as provided in ORS 115.145, the personal representative, within 30 days after the date of service of a copy of the request upon the personal representative or the attorney of the personal representative, may notify the claimant in writing that if the claimant desires to prove the claim the claimant must commence a separate action against the personal representative on the claim within 60 days after the date of receipt of such notice. If the claimant fails to commence a separate action within 60 days after the date of receipt of the notice, the claim, to the extent disallowed by the personal representative, is barred. [1969 c.591 s.155]

115.160 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.165 Summary determination procedure. In a proceeding for summary determination by the probate court of a claim disallowed in whole or in part by the personal representative:

- (1) The personal representative shall move or plead to the claim as though the claim were a complaint filed in an action.
- (2) The court shall hear the matter without a jury, after notice to the claimant and personal representative. Upon the hearing the court shall determine the claim in a summary manner and shall make an order allowing or disallowing the claim in whole or in part.
 - (3) No appeal may be taken from the order of the court made upon the summary determination. [1969 c.591 s.156]
 - **115.170** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- 115.175 Interested persons heard in summary determination or separate action. Any interested person may be heard in a proceeding for summary determination by the probate court of a claim, and may intervene in a separate action against the personal representative on the claim. [1969 c.591 s.157]
 - **115.180** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- 115.185 Creditor may obtain order for payment. A creditor whose claim has been allowed or established by summary determination or separate action, and who has not received payment within six months after the date of the first publication of notice to interested persons, may apply to the court for an order directing the personal representative to pay the claim to the extent that funds of the estate are available for that payment. [1969 c.591 s.158]
 - **115.190** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- 115.195 Proof for court allowance of disallowed claim. A claim that has been disallowed by the personal representative may not be allowed by any court except upon some competent, satisfactory evidence other than the testimony of the claimant. [1969 c.591 s.159]
 - **115.200** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.205 Waiver of statute of limitations.** A claim barred by the statute of limitations may not be allowed by the personal representative or by any court except upon the written direction or consent of those interested persons who would be adversely affected by allowance of the claim. [1969 c.591 s.160]
 - **115.210** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- 115.215 Extension of statute of limitations. If a claim is not barred by the statute of limitations on the date of death of the decedent, the claim is not barred by the statute of limitations thereafter until at least one year after the date of death. [1969 c.591 s.161]
 - **115.220** [1963 c.447 s.1; 1965 c.514 s.1; repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

DISCHARGE OF ENCUMBRANCES

115.255 Discharge of encumbrances. (1) As used in this section:

- (a) "Voluntary encumbrance" means any mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, pledge or public improvement assessment lien, or any lien arising from labor or services performed or materials supplied or furnished, or any combination thereof, upon or in respect of property.
 - (b) "Involuntary encumbrance" means any encumbrance upon property other than a voluntary encumbrance.
- (2) If property upon which an encumbrance exists on the date of the death of the testator is specifically devised, the devisee takes it subject to the encumbrance, and the personal representative is not required to make any payment on account of the obligation secured by the encumbrance, whether or not the testator was personally liable on the obligation secured by the encumbrance, except as provided otherwise in the will or in subsection (3) or (4) of this section.
- (3) Unless the will provides otherwise, the devisee of specifically devised property may require that an encumbrance thereon be fully or partially discharged out of other assets of the estate not specifically devised, if:

- (a) The encumbrance is an involuntary encumbrance; or
- (b) The encumbrance is a voluntary encumbrance and:
- (A) The will specifically directs full or partial discharge of the encumbrance out of other assets; or
- (B) The personal representative receives rents or profits, or both, from the property and the devisee requests that the personal representative apply all or part of the rents or profits, or both, in full or partial discharge of the obligation secured by the encumbrance, in which event the personal representative shall apply the rents or profits, or both, upon principal or interest, or both, owing upon the obligation, as requested; or
- (C) Any devisee requests, in a writing signed by the devisee and delivered to the personal representative, that the obligation secured by the encumbrance be fully or partially discharged out of property, or the proceeds of the sale thereof, which otherwise would pass to the devisee.
- (4) If a claim based upon an obligation secured by a voluntary encumbrance upon specifically devised property is presented and paid, or if specifically devised real property subject to a voluntary encumbrance is redeemed, and the devisee is not entitled to exoneration pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the personal representative has a lien upon the property in the amount paid, and the lien shall be administered upon as an asset of the estate.
- (5) If property is specifically devised by a will executed before the effective date of this section, and if an encumbrance upon that property exists on the date of the death of the testator, the rights of the devisee of that property in respect of exoneration thereof out of other assets of the estate shall be determined in accordance with the law in effect on the date the will was executed. [1969 c.591 s.162]
- 115.265 Power to redeem estate property. Unless otherwise provided by the will, the personal representative may redeem property of the estate sold on foreclosure of mortgage or upon execution if it appears that the redemption would be for the benefit of the estate and would not be prejudicial to creditors. [1969 c.591 s.163]
- 115.275 Encumbered assets; powers of personal representative. When any assets of the estate are encumbered by an involuntary or voluntary encumbrance, the personal representative may discharge the encumbrance or any part thereof, renew or extend any obligation secured by the encumbrance or convey or transfer the assets to the creditor in satisfaction of the lien, in whole or in part, whether or not the holder of the encumbrance has filed a claim, if it appears to be for the best interest of the estate. Discharge of an encumbrance shall not increase the share of the distributee entitled to the encumbered assets unless the distributee is entitled to exoneration under ORS 115.255 (3). [1969 c.591 s.164]

ACTIONS AND SUITS

115.305 Survival of causes of action. All causes of action or suit, by one person against another, survive to the personal representative of the former and against the personal representative of the latter. [Formerly 121.020]

115.310 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.315 Continuation of action without claim presentation. An action against a decedent commenced before and pending on the date of death of the decedent may be continued as provided in ORCP 34 B(2) without presentation of a claim against the estate of the decedent. [1969 c.591 s.166; 1979 c.284 s.107]

115.320 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.325 Action not to be commenced until claim presented and disallowed. Except as provided in ORS 115.004, 115.005 (5) and 115.065, no action against a personal representative on account of a claim shall be commenced until the claim of the plaintiff has been presented to and disallowed by the personal representative. [Formerly 121.090; 1989 c.229 s.8; 1993 c.214 s.2]

115.330 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.340 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

115.350 [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]

- **115.410** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.420** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.430** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.440** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.450** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.460** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.470** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.480** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.490** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.500** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.510** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.520** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]
- **115.990** [Repealed by 1969 c.591 s.305]