Chapter 92

Plats and Subdivisions ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Conveyances requiring plat re-Chapter 92 cording, 1962-64, p 125; application to several long-term CASE CITATIONS: Haugen v. Gleason, (1961) 226 Or 99, leases on one parcel, 1962-64, p 188. 359 P2d 108. 92 040 ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Application to property submitted to unit ownership, 1966-68, p 69; application to condomin-NOTES OF DECISIONS iums, (1969) Vol 34, p 409, A dedication of a public way is not binding on either party unless accepted. Mathis v. Thunderbird Village, Inc., (1964) 236 Or 425, 389 P2d 343. 92.010 to 92.150 ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Minimal requirements for appro-LAW REVIEW CITATIONS: 2 WLJ 461, 511-513. val of plats, 1960-62, p 409; application to cemetery plats, 1962-64, p 225; approval of plats providing private roads, 92.010 (1969) Vol 34, p 846; city jurisdiction after county adoption of subdivision regulations, (1970) Vol 35, p 410. ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Conveyances requiring plat recording, 1962-64, p 125; application to several long-term leases on one parcel, 1962-64, p 188; application to cemetery 92.042 plats, 1962-64, p 225; regulating partitioning other than subdividing, 1962-64, p 249; application to property submit-ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: City jurisdiction after county adoption of subdivision regulations, (1970) Vol 35, p 410. ted to unit ownership, 1966-68, p 69; application to condominiums, (1969) Vol 34, p 409. 92.044 92.014 NOTES OF DECISIONS Fees collected for the primary purpose of raising revenue NOTES OF DECISIONS are not within the power to regulate. Haugen v. Gleason, A dedication of a public way is not binding on either (1961) 226 Or 99, 359 P2d 108. party unless accepted. Mathis v. Thunderbird Village, Inc., This section clearly delegates the power to regulate but (1964) 236 Or 425, 389 P2d 343. not the power to tax. Id. FURTHER CITATIONS: Kropitzer v. Portland, (1964) 237 ATTY, GEN. OPINIONS: Authority of county surveyor to Or 157, 390 P2d 356. approve plat prepared in his private capacity, 1960-62, p 183; recording name change of subdivision, 1960-62, p 380; 92.016 to 92.048 minimal requirements for approval of plats, 1960-62, p 409; authority of planning commission to require dedication of CASE CITATIONS: Mathis v. Thunderbird Village, Inc., area for recreation and for a right of way, 1964-66, p 461; (1964) 236 Or 425, 389 P2d 343. approval of plats providing private roads, (1969) Vol 34, p 846. 92.016 92.046 ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Application to several long-term leases on one parcel, 1962-64, p 188. ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Minimal requirements for approval of plats, 1960-62, p 409; regulating partitioning other than 92.025 subdividing, 1962-64, p 249. NOTES OF DECISIONS 92.048 A recorded plat is presumed to be duly executed. Bernard v. Willamette Box & Lbr. Co., (1913) 64 Or 223, 129 P 1039. CASE CITATIONS: Smoke v. Palumbo, (1963) 234 Or 50, This section does not prevent the passage of title to lots 379 P2d 1007. sold contrary to its provisions. Kern v. Feller, (1914) 70 Or 140, 140 P 735. 92.050 FURTHER CITATIONS: Milarkey v. Foster, (1877) 6 Or 378, ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Authority of county surveyor to 25 Am Rep 531; Schooling v. Harrisburg, (1903) 42 Or 494, 71 P 605; Menstell v. Johnson, (1928) 125 Or 150, 262 P 853, approve plat prepared in his private capacity, 1960-62, p 266 P 891, 57 ALR 311; Palmer v. Wheeler, (1971) 258 Or 183; minimal requirements for approval of plats, 1960-62, 41, 481 P2d 68. p 409.

92.060 statutory dedication. Nodine v. Union, (1903) 42 Or 613, 72 P 582 ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Necessity of filing field notes and A recorded plat is presumed to be properly executed. maps after 1949 amendment of ORS 209.250, 1948-50, p 283; Bernard v. Willamette Box & Lbr. Co., (1913) 64 Or 223, 129 P 1039. placing survey monuments, 1960-62, p 447; application to cemetery plats, 1962-64, p 225; application to property sub-ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Authority of county surveyor to mitted to unit ownership, 1966-68, p 69. approve plat prepared in his private capacity, 1960-62, p 183. 92.070 NOTES OF DECISIONS 92.140 The owner of the property adopts the surveyor's affidavit ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Recording name change of subdiwhen he files the plat. Christie v. Bandon, (1917) 82 Or 481, vision, 1960-62, p 380. 162 P 248. ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Minimal requirements for appro-92,150 val of plats, 1960-62, p 409; placing survey monuments, NOTES OF DECISIONS 1960-62, p 447. 1. Dedication generally 2. Statutory dedication 92.080 3. Common law dedication 4. Acceptance NOTES OF DECISIONS 5. Loss of rights in dedicated property It may be assumed that a plat was properly executed. even though a purported copy thereof does not contain any 1. Dedication generally dedication. Bernard v. Willamette Box & Lbr. Co., (1913) The fee to dedicated land remains in the dedicator and 64 Or 223, 129 P 1039.

The plat and accompanying writings usually indicate whether or not the owner has the requisite intent to dedicate. McCoy v. Thompson, (1917) 84 Or 141, 164 P 589.

92.090

ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Conflicting names for additions, 1926-28, p 266; recording name change of subdivision, 1960-62, p 380; application to cemetery plats, 1962-64, p 225; approval of plats providing private roads, (1969) Vol 34, p 846.

92.100

NOTES OF DECISIONS

There is an acceptance of the streets and roads shown on a plat when the county court indorses its acceptance of the plat thereon following the approval of the surveyor and the assessor. Whitney v. Crittenden, (1924) 112 Or 278, 229 P 378.

FURTHER CITATIONS: Haugen v. Gleason, (1961) 226 Or 99, 359 P2d 108.

ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Procedure if no county surveyor, 1926-28, p 215; procedure and time restrictions for conversion of public highways into county roads, 1948-50, p 355; county courts' power to make their approval of plats conditional, 1948-50, p 444; interpreting "to conform," 1950-52. p 335; authority of county surveyor to approve plat prepared in his private capacity, 1960-62, p 183; minimal requirements for approval of plats, 1960-62, p 409; placing survey monuments, 1960-62, p 447; deputy surveyor approval of subdivision plat made by county surveyor in his private capacity, 1962-64, p 6; authority to charge additional fee, 1962-64, p 150; establishment of a county road by public use and maintenance by county for over 10 years, 1966-68, p 326.

LAW REVIEW CITATIONS: 20 OLR 111.

92.120

NOTES OF DECISIONS

An unacknowledged plat is not entitled to recordation. and even though it is recorded it does not operate as a

passes to the purchasers of adjoining lots in accordance with the intent of the transferor. McQuaid v. Portland & V. Ry., (1889) 18 Or 237, 22 P 899; Huddleston v. Eugene, (1899) 34 Or 343, 55 P 868, 43 LRA 444.

The sale and convevance of lots according to a recorded plat implies a covenant that the public places designated thereon shall never be appropriated to a use inconsistent with that shown on the map. Steel v. Portland, (1892) 23 Or 176, 31 P 479; Christian v. Eugene, (1907) 49 Or 170, 89 P 419; Menstell v. Johnson, (1928) 125 Or 150, 262 P 853, 266 P 891, 57 ALR 311.

Statutory dedication operates by way of grant while common law dedication depends upon the principles of estoppel for its efficacy. McCoy v. Thompson, (1917) 84 Or 141. 164 P 589; Menstell v. Johnson, (1928) 125 Or 150, 262 P 853, 266 P 891, 57 ALR 311.

The warranty referred to in this section does not become operative or binding until there has been an acceptance of the use. McQuaid v. Portland & V. Ry., (1889) 18 Or 237, 22 P 899.

2. Statutory dedication

The sale of lots with reference to a properly executed and recorded plat constitutes an irrevocable dedication of the areas on the plat designated for public use. Carter v. Portland, (1873) 4 Or 339; Meier v. Portland Cable Ry., (1888) 16 Or 500, 19 P 610, 1 LRA 856; Steel v. Portland, (1892) 23 Or 176, 31 P 479; Spencer v. Peterson, (1902) 41 Or 257, 68 P 519, 1108; Schooling v. City of Harrisburg, (1903) 42 Or 494, 71 P 605; Nodine v. Union, (1903) 42 Or 613, 72 P 582; Oregon City v. Ore. & Calif. R. R. Co., (1904) 44 Or 165, 74 P 924; McCoy v. Thompson, (1917) 84 Or 141, 164 P 589.

In determining what area the owner intended to dedicate to the public and the purpose of the dedication, the court should give great weight to the markings on the plat. Heiple v. Portland, (1885) 13 Or 97, 8 P 907; Steel v. Portland, (1892) 23 Or 176, 31 P 479; McCoy v. Thompson, (1917) 84 Or 141, 164 P 589.

The recordation of a plat is not equivalent to a conveyance of land to the public unless the plat is properly executed and acknowledged. Lewis v. Portland, (1893) 25 Or 133, 35 P 256, 42 Am St Rep 772, 22 LRA 736; Nodine v. Union, (1903) 42 Or 613, 72 P 582; Christian v. Eugene, (1907) 49 Or 170. 89 P 419.

An attempt by a subdivider to alter or amend his plat

is void as to persons who have purchased lots in the area. Miller v. Fisher, (1918) 90 Or 111, 174 P 1152.

Statutory dedication can be employed to establish building restrictions on private property if the dedicator marks the recorded plat in such manner that an intent to benefit the general public is manifested. Menstell v. Johnson, (1928) 125 Or 150, 262 P 853, 266 P 891.

When the owner of the locus in quo and a third person properly executed and recorded separate plats under the same name, the owner did not dedicate land reserved for public use on the third person's plat by selling lots with reference to the plat by name. Lewis v. Portland, (1893) 25 Or 133, 150, 35 P 256, 42 Am St Rep 772, 22 LRA 736.

3. Common law dedication

When there is no effective statutory dedication due to a defect in the execution of the plat, a dedication may be consummated by the sale of lots with reference to the plat. Carter v. Portland, (1873) 4 Or 339; Hogue v. City of Albina, (1890) 20 Or 182, 25 P 386, 10 LRA 673; Nodine v. Union, (1903) 42 Or 613, 72 P 582; Oregon City v. Ore. & Calif. R.R. Co., (1904) 44 Or 165, 74 P 924; McCoy v. Thompson, (1917) 84 Or 141, 164 P 589; Nicholas v. Title & Trust Co., (1916) 79 Or 226, 154 P 391.

An offer to dedicate can be made by parol if there are acts clearly evincing an intent to dedicate the land to public use. Carter v. Portland, (1873) 4 Or 339; Hogue v. City of Albina, (1890) 20 Or 182, 25 P 386, 10 LRA 673; Lewis v. Portland, (1893) 25 Or 133, 35 P 256, 42 Am St Rep 772, 22 LRA 736.

There can be a dedication to public use of an area plainly indicated on the plat as a lot, if the subdivider sells an adjoining lot on the representation that the former was being reserved for use as a street. Morse v. Whitcomb, (1909) 54 Or 412, 102 P 788, 103 P 775, 135 Am St Rep 832.

Permitting the public to occasionally use uninclosed property is not sufficient to raise an estoppel in pais necessary to constitute a common law dedication. Portland Ry., Light & Power Co. v. Oregon City, (1917) 85 Or 574, 166 P 932.

A common law dedication was not effected when the owner sold lots with reference to a map slightly variant from the recorded plat. Hogue v. City of Albina, (1890) 20 Or 182, 25 P 386, 10 LRA 673.

4. Acceptance

Formal acceptance by the corporate authorities of a dedication by parol is not necessary. Carter v. Portland, (1873) 4 Or 339; Whitney v. Crittenden, (1924) 112 Or 278, 229 P 378.

Purchase of lots shown on the plat amounts to acceptance of the areas thereon dedicated to the public. Christian v. Eugene, (1907) 49 Or 170, 89 P 419; Silverton v. Brown, (1912) 63 Or 418, 128 P 45.

Neither confirmatory declaration nor immediate improvement is necessary to secure to a municipal corporation the benefits of dedication. McCoy v. Thompson, (1917) 84 Or 141, 164 P 589.

5. Loss of rights in dedicated property

A municipal corporation does not lose its rights to land set aside for public use on a recorded plat, unless it is guilty of laches which raises an estoppel in pais. Schooling v. City of Harrisburg, (1903) 42 Or 494, 71 P 605; Oliver v. Synhorst, (1906) 48 Or 292, 86 P 376, 7 LRA(NS) 243; Barton v. Portland, (1914) 74 Or 75, 144 P 1146; Dabney v. Portland, (1928) 124 Or 54, 263 P 386.

Adverse possession of land duly dedicated to public use as a street is by itself insufficient to revest title thereto in the dedicator. Oliver v. Synhorst, (1906) 48 Or 292, 86 P 376, 7 LRA(NS) 243; Christian v. Eugene, (1907) 49 Or 170, 89 P 419; Barton v. Portland (1914) 74 Or 75, 144 P 1146; Killam v. Multnomah County, (1931) 137 Or 562, 4 P2d 323.

An estoppel was raised when the city permitted an encroachment to remain on public land for the period of the statute of limitations. Nicholas v. Title & Trust Co., (1916) 79 Or 226, 154 P 391, Ann Cas 1917A, 1149.

Laches was not found when a city failed to create a street on land set aside for that purpose on the plat, before its construction was necessary. Barton v. Portland, (1914) 74 Or 75, 144 P 1146.

ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Effect of dedication on a mortgage, 1924-26, p 395; when acceptance is needed, 1930-32, p 584.

LAW REVIEW CITATIONS: 20 OLR 111.

92.210 to 92.390

ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Applicability to development composed of individual ownerships within a commonly owned area, 1964-66, p 312; application to condominiums, (1969) Vol 34, p 409; application to sales executed in foreign countries, (1970) Vol 34, p 1022.

LAW REVIEW CITATIONS: 3 WLJ 123, 452-478.

92.230

ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Application to condominiums, (1969) Vol 34, p 409.

92.300

ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Refunding excess advanced, 1962-64, p 317.

92.390

ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Refunding excess advanced, 1962-64, p 317.

92.990

ATTY. GEN. OPINIONS: Conveyances requiring plat recording, 1962-64, p 125.