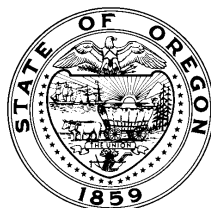


**Report on
Liquidated and Delinquent
Accounts Receivable
June 30, 2008**



**Legislative Fiscal Office
December 2008**

**STATE OF OREGON
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December 22, 2008

To the Members of the Seventy-Fifth Oregon Legislative Assembly:

Enclosed is a compilation of the reports on liquidated and delinquent accounts receivable that were submitted to the Legislative Fiscal Office in accordance with ORS 293.229. The statute requires state agencies to report on the status of their liquidated and delinquent accounts each fiscal year. The same statute requires our office to compile these reports into one summary for the Legislative Assembly. This is the ninth report required under the statute.

Ken Rocco
Legislative Fiscal Officer

**Report on
Liquidated and Delinquent Accounts Receivable
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Introduction and Background

Introduction

During the 1999 legislative session, House Bill 3509 was introduced to provide statutory guidance to state agencies on the collection of past due accounts. The bill amended Chapter 293, Oregon Revised Statutes, *Administration of Public Funds*. The statute requires state agencies (with some identified exceptions) to turn over to the Department of Revenue, or to private collection agencies, liquidated and delinquent accounts for which no payment had been received within a year. Legislation passed during the 2003 session now requires agencies to turn the accounts over for collection if no payment has been received within 90 days.

Further, the statute requires annual reporting of liquidated and delinquent accounts to the Legislative Fiscal Office. The Legislative Fiscal Office is required to compile the reports and issue one report to the Legislative Assembly. This is the ninth report issued under the statute.

Reporting under the statute

Each state agency must submit to the Legislative Fiscal Office by October 1 of each fiscal year, “a report that describes the status of that agency’s liquidated and delinquent accounts and efforts made by that agency to collect liquidated and delinquent accounts during the previous fiscal year.” [ORS 293.229(1)] Definitions used and instructions for reporting are included as Appendix 4 and Appendix 5, respectively.

This year, all state agencies reported. This compares favorably to last year when 13 agencies failed to report.

Implementation of the statute

The Department of Administrative Services, State Controller’s Division has taken the lead to implement the statute. It staffs the Accounts Receivable Core Committee which brings together state agencies to develop and maintain policies and procedures for collection of accounts receivable. Updated policies and procedures are incorporated in the Oregon Accounting Manual. The Committee also provides a forum for consensus building and serves as a means of communicating progress throughout state government.

The Division has a website to provide updated information on collection of receivables by state agencies, located at www.oregon.gov/DAS/SCD/SRS/SWARM_main.shtml It also uses the information provided by agencies (and included in this report) to analyze state collection data. Its analysis is included in the State Controller’s Division Accounts Receivable Core Committee Strategic Plan.

Acknowledgements

The Legislative Fiscal Office would like to acknowledge the following contributors to this year's effort:

- the Department of Administrative Services, State Controller's Division for providing staff support and data analysis;
- the Information Systems staff of Legislative Administration who made it possible for the information to be submitted via the Internet; and
- the Department of Administrative Services, State Data Center for providing a secure host for input of the required information.

Results of Reporting

Summary of reporting results

This report accounts for 135 separate state agencies and programs. Agencies were notified of reporting requirements via the Accounts Receivable Core Committee and statewide email. The Department of Administrative Services, State Controller's Division maintains a website for this project (see page 1). The reporting instruction manual was updated and a training session was conducted.

Summary of Agency Reporting June 30, 2008		
Agencies reporting no accounts	55	40.7%
Exempt agencies not reporting	19	14.1%
Agencies reporting accounts	61	45.2%
Total	135	100.0%

Summary of liquidated and delinquent accounts receivable

Presented below is the summary of liquidated and delinquent accounts that agencies reported to the Legislative Fiscal Office. A list of the agencies that reported activity during the year on liquidated and delinquent accounts and their outstanding balances is included as Appendix 1 to this report. A number of agencies reported that they had no such accounts, a listing of which is included as Appendix 2.

(**Note:** Agencies report independently, and the beginning balances do not always agree with ending balances reported the prior year.)

Liquidated and Delinquent Accounts June 30, 2008		
	Number of Accounts	Dollar Value of Accounts
1. Beginning Balance	1,860,858	\$ 1,575,615,079
2. Additions	450,666	587,422,281
3. Collections		(327,795,578)
4. Account Closed	(420,174)	
5. Write-Offs	(16,948)	(39,789,053)
6. Adjustments		6,702,604
7. Reversals	(32,008)	(54,521,492)
8. Ending Balance	1,842,394	\$ 1,747,633,841

Because collections and adjustments (lines 3 and 6) could have been made on accounts that are either still open, closed, or subsequently written off, only the dollar amounts of collections and adjustments were reported. Similarly, only the number of accounts that were closed are reported on line 4. Reversals are accounts previously reported as delinquent and liquidated, but have now changed status. The instructions for reporting provided descriptions of information to be included on each reporting line. For additional information, please see the instructions provided in Appendix 5.

A breakdown of the reported balances outstanding by fund type is presented below.

Liquidated and delinquent accounts receivable by fund type

Fund Type	Dollars	%
General Fund	\$ 486,827,440	27.9%
Lottery Funds	367,041	0.0%
Other Funds	745,711,008	42.7%
Other Funds Pass-Through	271,226,573	15.5%
Federal Funds	243,501,779	13.9%
Total	\$ 1,747,633,841	100.0%

Of the \$487 million General Fund balance, the Department of Revenue accounted for \$457 million. The Judicial Department, the Department of Justice, and the Department of Consumer and Business Services reported significant Other Funds outstanding. Additionally, the Judicial Department and Department of Justice reported \$210 and \$57 million Other Funds Pass-Through, respectively. The Department of Justice, Employment Department, and Department of Human Services accounted for most of the Federal Funds outstanding. The Lottery Commission reported the Lottery Funds receivables.

All agencies reported this year

We are pleased to report that all agencies reported this year. This was not the case the five years preceding. While the statute is silent about consequences of non-reporting, it is incumbent upon agencies to report and the Legislature should expect all agencies to continue reporting in the future.

Agencies exempt from reporting

Certain state agencies are exempt from ORS 293. The State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation is exempt from Chapter 293, except for ORS 293.240, which establishes the process for writing off uncollectible accounts. The Oregon Health and Science University Public Corporation is exempt

as its enabling legislation states that the university “shall not be considered...a state agency for purposes of state statutes.”

Many commissions and boards also claim exemption from the reporting requirement because of the placement of House Bill 3509 (1999) in the Oregon Revised Statutes. Since the reporting requirement was codified in ORS 293.229, any state agency whose enabling legislation exempted it from a range of sections of ORS 293 that included ORS 293.229 would be exempted from reporting their liquidated and delinquent accounts receivable.

The Department of Administrative Services, State Controller’s Division reviewed applicable statutes to determine whether agencies properly claimed statutory exemption from reporting. A list of agencies that did not report because they are exempt is included as Appendix 3 to this report.

Collections by Department of Revenue

ORS 293.231 requires that accounts be turned over to the Department of Revenue or private collection agencies for collection. Presented here is summary information on accounts turned over to the Department of Revenue by agencies that reported.

	Number of Accounts	Dollar Value of Accounts
Beginning Balance	195,859	\$ 170,699,153
Additions		143,679,040
Collections		(28,714,962)
Returned		(77,237,752)
Accounts Outstanding	228,392	\$ 208,425,479

Departmental collection activities resulted in total collections of \$50.3 million

Agencies have reported that \$28.7 million of liquidated and delinquent receivables were collected by the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue reports that its collection activities resulted in total collections of \$50.3 million for governmental agencies. This includes amounts collected for state governmental agencies exempt from reporting, community colleges, and county corrections institutions.

The Department of Revenue has a statutory Collections Unit that can be used by state agencies to assist in collection efforts. During the year, the Department of Revenue reports that it collected \$22.4 million using collection activities like those used by private collection agencies.

Additionally, the Department of Revenue may collect, on behalf of agencies, from “any refunds or sums due to the debtor from the Department of Revenue or any other state agency.” During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the Department collected \$27.9 million by offsetting 152,000 different accounts.

Collections by private collection agencies

Prior to the statutory change on liquidated and delinquent accounts, the use of private collection agencies was allowed, but not mandatory. Now agencies must turn over liquidated and delinquent accounts to the Department of Revenue or to private collection agencies for collection. The statute also requires agencies to report on the accounts turned over to private collection agencies. Presented here is a summary of accounts turned over to private collection agencies for the year that ended June 30, 2008.

	Number of Accounts	Dollar Value of Accounts
Beginning Balance	665,581	\$ 449,508,653
Additions		165,649,837
Collections		(11,559,295)
Returned		(131,411,519)
Accounts Outstanding	688,691	\$ 472,187,676

Exempt accounts

Not all accounts can be transferred to the Department of Revenue or to private collection agencies. There may be federal or state statutory or regulatory prohibitions that would cause them to be exempt from transfer. Specific exemptions are codified in ORS 293.231(6)(a) through (i). If other state or federal laws exempt agencies from turning over accounts for collections, ORS 293.231(5) applies. The number and dollar value of the statutorily exempt accounts are presented on the next page.

ORS 293.233 allows exemptions to be established administratively by the Department of Administrative Services. These are set forth in the Oregon Accounting Manual (OAM), referenced as OAM 35.40.10.PO.114(j) through (r). Presented on the next page is summary information on accounts reported as administratively exempt from transfer for collection.

**Accounts Reported as Exempt from Requirement to Turn Over for Collection
June 30, 2008**

	Number of Accounts	Dollar Value of Accounts
Statutorily exempt		
Under ORS 293.231(6), sub		
a) consensual security interest	374	\$ 7,068,723
b) court ordered judgment	373	11,493,412
c) litigation, bankruptcy, mediation, etc.	7,823	86,897,890
d) student loan of a student attending school	0	0
e1) state agency receivables	318	1,976,705
e2) federal or local government receivables	186	796,088
f) hospitalized debtor (see Note 1)	32,508	59,291,200
g) imprisoned debtor	138	793,653
h) account less than \$100	13,067	476,634
i) loss of federal or federal program funds (see Note 1)	1,112	2,755,902
Subtotal statutorily exempt	55,899	\$ 171,550,207
Administratively exempt		
Under OAM 35.30.20.PO.114, sub		
j) debtor hardship	576	\$ 1,215,036
k) non-consensual lien	993	12,174,051
l) secured by bond	4	22,921
m) payment on multiple accounts within 1 year	1,424	2,537,266
n) DAS petition approved exemptions	29,338	217,433,061
o) ORS Chs. 825, or 826 related to a motor carrier	2	741
p) wage garnishment or order prevents	407	2,326,725
q) spousal or child support (see Note 2)	255,820	264,588,323
r) not income-producing and no assets	222	878,811
Subtotal administratively exempt	288,786	\$ 501,176,935
Total exemptions June 30, 2008	344,685	\$ 672,727,142

Of the more than \$1.7 billion liquidated and delinquent accounts reported, 38% (\$673 million) were classified as exempt from the statutory requirement to be turned over for collection. Of the \$673 million exempt, \$501 million, or 74%, were reported as administratively exempt. Of those administratively exempt, \$265 million, or 53%, are exempt because they are for spousal or child support payments which are governed by other federal rules and regulations. Additionally, \$167 million, or 33%, are exempt through specific request by the Department of Revenue. Most of these are delinquent personal income taxes.

Note 1: The Department of Human Services reported about 25,000 accounts as exempt from hospitalized debtors that more properly

might be reported as exempt due to potential loss of federal funding. The Department is working with staff of the State Controller's Division to get clarification and understanding of the proper reporting.

Note 2: The Department of Justice has improved its query processes and now reports 256,000 spousal or child support accounts as exempt, compared to 63,000 accounts last year. The dollar amounts are correct, only the number of accounts were reported in error last year.

Appendix 1

Agencies reporting accounts with activity

Agency	Total Accounts	Total Dollars
Accountancy, Board of	27	162,461
Administrative Services, Department of	1,583	2,810,988
Agriculture, Department of; Commodity Comm	119	265,469
Albacore Commission, Oregon	1	59,303
Blueberry Commission, Oregon	1	169
Chiropractic Examiners, Board of	7	88,487
Clinical Social Workers, Board of	1	3,650
Community Colleges and Workforce Dev, Dept of	48	54,750
Construction Contractors Board	1,674	3,875,467
Consumer and Business Services, Dept of	6,005	57,936,260
Corrections, Department of	2,538	1,829,517
Dungeness Crab Commission, Oregon	7	6,999
Economic and Community Development Dept	53	2,546,176
Education, Department of	3	8,658
Employment Department	29,993	43,149,654
Employment Relations Board	3	56
Energy, Department of	96	411,350
Environmental Quality, Department of	940	2,080,935
Fish and Wildlife, Department of	2	1,588
Forestry, Department of	19	154,507
Government Ethics Commission, Oregon	10	66,837
Hazelnut Commission, Oregon	0	0
Health Licensing Agency	363	245,825
Highland Bentgrass Commission, Oregon	1	541
Housing and Community Services Department	106	304,293
Human Services, Department of	28,988	51,065,782
Judicial Department	1,252,646	699,807,841
Justice, Department of	357,969	334,283,853
Labor and Industries, Bureau of	65	1,737,419
Lands, Department of State	1	545
Lane County Local Gov't Boundary Commission	0	0
Legislative Administration Committee	8	654
Legislative Assembly	1	382
Library, Oregon State	1	695
Liquor Control Commission, Oregon	7	7,988
Lottery Commission, Oregon State	58	370,032
Marine Board	93	3,867

Medical Examiners, Board of	12	156,611
Military Department	24	16,956
Mortuary and Cemetery Board	7	15,500
Nursing Home Administrators, Board of Ex of	2	50
Nursing, Board of	69	76,471
Orchardgrass Seed Producers Commission, Oregon	0	0
Parks and Recreation Department	3,212	173,381
Pharmacy, Board of	14	110,311
Police, Department of State	67	143,806
Private Health Partnerships, Office of	367	178,585
Public Employees Retirement System	403	1,790,015
Public Safety Standards and Training, Dept of	2	14,869
Public Utility Commission	152	30,898
Real Estate Agency	15	332,102
Revenue, Department of	109,681	473,855,342
Ryegrass Growers Seed Commission, Oregon	1	13,222
Secretary of State	58	173,036
Student Assistance Commission, Oregon	36	390,266
Tax Practitioners, Board of	13	2,314,423
Transportation, Department of	11,831	11,158,217
University System, Oregon	32,913	50,480,161
Veterans' Affairs, Department of	58	2,847,225
Water Resources Department	1	3,000
Youth Authority, Oregon	19	16,396
Total	1,842,394	1,747,633,841

Note: Three commissions – the Hazelnut, Lane County Local Government Boundary, and Orchardgrass Seed Producers – had liquidated and delinquent accounts at June 30, 2007, and reported activity this year. They reported no balances outstanding at June 30, 2008 as a result of the account activity reported.

Appendix 2

Agencies reporting no accounts

Advocacy Commissions Office, Oregon
Alfalfa Seed Commission, Oregon
Aviation, Department of
Beef Council, Oregon
Blind, Commission for the
Children and Families, Commission on
Clover Commission, Oregon
Columbia River Gorge Commission
Counselors and Therapists, Board of Professional
Court Procedures, Council on
Criminal Justice Commission
Dairy Products Commission, Oregon
Dentistry, Board of
Dieticians, Board of Examiners of Licensed
District Attorneys and Their Deputies
Facilities Authority
Fine Fescue Commission
Forest Resources Institute, Oregon
Fryer Commission, Oregon
Geology and Mineral Industries, Department of
Governor, Office of the
Grains Commission, Oregon
Hop Commission, Oregon
Judicial Fitness and Disability, Commission on
Land Conservation and Development, Dept of
Land Use Board of Appeals
Legislative Commission on Indian Services
Legislative Counsel Committee
Legislative Fiscal Officer
Legislative Revenue Officer
Long-Term Care Ombudsman
Mint Commission, Oregon
Naturopathic Examiners, Board of
Occupational Therapy Licensing Board
Parole and Post-Prison Supervision, Board of
Potato Commission, Oregon
Processed Vegetable Commission, Oregon
Psychiatric Security Review Board
Psychologist Examiners, Board of
Public Defense Services Commission
Racing Commission
Radiologic Technology, Board of

Raspberry and Blackberry Commission, Oregon
Salmon Commission, Oregon
Sheep Commission, Oregon
Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology, Board of Ex for
Strawberry Commission, Oregon
Sweet Cherry Commission, Oregon
Tall Fescue Commission, Oregon
Teacher Standards and Practices Commission
Trawl Commission, Oregon
Treasurer of State
Veterinary Medical Examining Board
Watershed Enhancement Board, Oregon
Wheat Commission, Oregon

Appendix 3

Agencies exempt from reporting

Agency	Exempting Statute
Appraiser Certification and Licensure Board	ORS 674.349
Architect Examiners, Board of	ORS 182.460
Children's Trust Fund of Oregon Foundation	ORS 182.460
Corrections Enterprises, Oregon	ORS 421.352
Engineering and Land Surveying, Board of Ex for	ORS 182.460
Film and Video Office, Oregon	ORS 284.375
Geologist Examiners, Board of	ORS 182.460
Landscape Architects Board	ORS 182.460
Landscape Contractors Board	ORS 182.451
Massage Technicians, Board of	ORS 182.451
Optometry, Board of	ORS 182.460
Oregon Health and Science University	ORS 353.100
Patient Safety Commission, Oregon	ORS 182.460
Physical Therapists Licensing Board	ORS 182.451
State Accident Insurance Fund	ORS 656.753
Tourism Commission, Oregon	ORS 285A.269
Travel Information Council	ORS 377.836
Utility Notification Center, Oregon	ORS 757.552(3)
Wine Board, Oregon	ORS 182.460

Appendix 4

Definitions used in the reporting process

State agency – ORS 293 defines a state agency as “any officer, board, commission, department, division or institution in the executive or administrative branch of state government.”

Account – the debt relationship between a state agency and an individual or entity. Agencies may define “account” differently in their systems. For the purposes of this reporting requirement, a legal entity may have multiple debts with that agency. If treated in the agency’s system as the same account, it should be reported as one account in this report. If an agency treats each debt as a separate account and collects them separately, they may report them as separate accounts.

Delinquent – a delinquent account is defined as a receivable account for which payment has not been received by the due date. Most receivables have a specific due date. If any part of that debt is not paid by the due date, the account needs to be reported. Some debts do not have an obvious due date, such as overpayments. The due date for this debt may be determined by the agency. For example, the date on which the agency may start assessing interest or enforcing collection may be the best date to use. Accounts that are not yet due are not included in the report.

Liquidated accounts – are defined in the Oregon Accounting Manual (OAM). In general, a liquidated account is one where the exact past due amount is known, proper notification of the debt has been made to the debtor, and there has been a judgment, or a distraint warrant for taxes, or an administrative proceeding has established the debt, etc.

The definition provided in the Oregon Accounting Manual is included here.

For purposes of ORS 293.229 - .233 and ORS 293.250, a liquidated debt is one for which:

- a. An agency has determined an exact past due amount owing; and
- b. An agency has made a reasonable attempt to notify the debtor in writing of the amount owing and nature of the debt, and has requested payment; and
- c. The debt meets one of the following conditions: (See Note 1)
 1. Judgment has been entered on the debt.
 2. The debt is a tax debt for which a distraint warrant has been issued or the prerequisites of issuance have been met.
 3. Liability for, and the amount of, the debt have been established through an administrative proceeding.
 4. A non-complying employer’s debt for claim and administrative costs eligible for referral under criteria identified by the Department of Justice.
 5. (See Note 1) The debt arises from a promissory note.
 6. (See Note 2) The debt is an account stated under a preexisting written agreement between the agency and the debtor. A statement of account has been mailed or delivered to the debtor, and the debtor has not objected within a reasonable time, which should be specified by the agency. Example: A student signs a revolving

account agreement with the university, an invoice for a laboratory fee is mailed to the student and he or she does not object.

7. The debtor has, in writing, unconditionally acknowledged the debt, both as to liability and amount, or an agreement has been reached in writing between the agency and the debtor regarding the debt, both as to liability and amount. Once acknowledged, a debtor's claim of inability to pay does not, by itself, affect whether the debt is liquidated.
8. The amount due is derived by an arithmetical calculation of fees (including renewal fees), collection costs, charges, penalties, or the like, from a report or an application for a permit or license submitted by the debtor in accordance with a regulatory system administered by the agency, and the debtor has not disputed liability or the amount.
9. (See Note 2) Liability for a debt, but not its amount, has been established by an administrative or judicial proceeding, or by written acknowledgement of the debtor. The amount of the debt is determined by arithmetical calculation. The calculation has been mailed or delivered to the debtor in the manner of an account stated and the debtor has not objected within a reasonable time, which should be specified by the agency. Example: Balances due the Department of Consumer and Business Services for a non-complying employer as a result of an injury to a subject worker.

Note 1: For each delinquent account referred to the Collections Unit, the agency must specify which subsection .103 c. condition has been met. For c. 1-4 debts, the Collections Unit is authorized to utilize all potential collection tools, including warrants. For c. 5-9 debts, warrants cannot be issued. If warrant authority is necessary for effective collection, the debt must be returned to the agency for appropriate action to qualify the debt under subsections c. 1-4. In addition, if the debtor disputes whether a c. 5-9 debt is owing or liquidated, the debt will no longer be considered liquidated.

Note 2: Expiration of the time specified by an agency for objection to a billing, such as a c. 6 or 9 debt, does not necessarily extinguish the debtor's right to object. It means that the agency can act on the assumption the debtor does not dispute the debt. If the debtor thereafter disputes the debt, the debt will no longer be considered liquidated.

Appendix 5

Instructions for reporting

1. Beginning Balance

- 1A Enter the total number of liquidated and delinquent accounts as of July 1 of the reporting fiscal year. This number should equal the ending number of accounts (7A) from the previous year (unless this is the first report your agency is making).
- 1B Enter the dollar value of liquidated and delinquent accounts as of July 1 of the accounts reported in 1A. This includes the total debt that is liquidated and delinquent for the account. Debts include fees or any fines assessed. Include any penalties and interest that have been assessed on the principal debt. This number should equal the ending balance dollar value (7B) from the previous year (unless this is the first report your agency is making).

2. Additions

- 2A Enter the total number of accounts that became liquidated and delinquent since July 1 of the reporting fiscal year. Only include accounts that had not been included as liquidated and delinquent in the beginning balance. If an account became liquidated and delinquent after July 1 and the amount was also collected prior to June 30 of the fiscal year, **include that account**.
- 2B Enter the total dollar value of liquidated and delinquent amounts added during the fiscal year. Note – the total number of accounts may not increase but the dollar value may. For example, a small agency may have 50 liquidated and delinquent accounts valued at \$5000 at the beginning of the year. They may not add any new accounts. However, an account may incur additional debt, such as interest, which would increase the total dollar value.

3. Collections

- 3B Enter any amounts collected on any of the accounts included in the beginning balance or the additions during the fiscal year. Include amounts that were collected on accounts that became liquidated and delinquent (additions) during the period. **Do not use a minus (-) sign or brackets, collections defaults to a negative number.**

4. Accounts Closed

- 4A Enter the number of accounts from the beginning balance or additions that were collected or resolved in some manner. Include only accounts that no longer have a liquidated and delinquent balance. This would include accounts that became liquidated and delinquent during the period and then were closed because they were fully collected. They would also include accounts that were closed because a portion was collected and a portion was compromised or adjusted. The amount written off or adjusted would be included in 6B below. **Do not use a minus (-) sign or brackets, accounts closed defaults to a negative number.**

5. Write-Offs

- 5A Enter the number of accounts that had been liquidated and delinquent and then were written off during the fiscal year to close the accounts. **Do not use a minus (-) sign or brackets, the number of accounts defaults to a negative number.**
- 5B Enter the dollar value of liquidated and delinquent accounts that were written off during the fiscal year. **Do not use a minus (-) sign or brackets, the amount of write-offs defaults to a negative number.**

6. Adjustments

- 6B Adjustments can either increase or decrease debt. Enter any amounts that had been designated liquidated and delinquent that were later adjusted. Adjustments include accounts or amounts that were set up in error or abated (were determined not to be owed). **You must enter a minus (-) sign if adjustments reduce the amount of liquidated and delinquent account balances.**

7. Reversals

- 7A Enter the number of accounts reported as liquidated and delinquent on a prior report that need to be removed from liquidated and delinquent status. These can be accounts that were erroneously reported or that for some reason are again open for appeal. **Note: You should never have an entry in this field if this is the first report being made for this type of account.**

Note: You should never have an entry in this field if this is the first report being made for this type of account. Accounts reversed can be accounts in the beginning balance or that were added and reported as additions in the current year.

- 7B Enter the dollar value of the accounts being removed from liquidated and delinquent status. **Note: You should never have an entry in this field if this is the first report being made for this type of account.**

Note: You should never have an entry in this field if this is the first report being made for this type of account. Accounts reversed can be accounts in the beginning balance or that were added and reported as additions in the current year.

8. Ending Balance

- 8A No entry is required because this number is computed. Use this as a check against your total to ensure all data has been entered properly.
- 8B No entry is required because this number is computed. Use this as a check against your total to ensure all data has been entered properly.