

Diabetes in Oregon

Diabetes among Oregon adults, 1995-2012

Note: The vertical dashed line denotes a different weighting method and inclusion of cellular phones in the sample. Estimates are age-adjusted.

Diabetes in Oregon

Diabetes is a disease affecting an increasing number of Oregonians. Diabetes is a chronic metabolic disease in which glucose (sugar) levels in the blood are abnormal. People with Diabetes are 2 to 4 times more likely to have heart disease or a stroke. Diabetes can cause serious complications such as nerve damage, kidney failure, and blindness.

Who has diabetes?

It is estimated that 278,000 adults in Oregon – nearly one in 10 – have diabetes.

- Although diabetes is common among all racial and ethnic groups, it is more common among African-Americans, American Indians/Alaska Natives, and Hispanics.
- Obesity is closely related to Type 2 diabetes. In • 2012, 60 percent of adults with diabetes in Oregon were obese.
- An estimated 1 million Oregonians have prediabetes (blood sugar levels higher than normal but not high enough to be considered diabetes) putting them at greater risk for Type 2 diabetes, heart disease, and stroke.

What is the cost of diabetes?

Diabetes is the seventh leading cause of death in Oregon.

The total cost of diabetes in Oregon is estimated at nearly \$3 billion per year in medical expenditures and reduced productivity.

How can diabetes be prevented and controlled?

- Create healthy communities that support people in eating better, moving more, and living tobaccofree where they live, learn, and play.
- Increase access to lifestyle change programs such as the National Diabetes Prevention Program to prevent diabetes in those at risk for the disease.
- Help people with diabetes live better by increasing access to chronic disease selfmanagement programs.
- Improve delivery and use of quality clinical services to prevent diabetes, detect it early, and manage risk factors.
- Eliminate disparities among population groups in which diabetes is more common.

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