Legislative Summary Report

General Government & Elections



This Legislative Summary Report highlights General Government and Elections policy measures that received a public hearing during the 2023 regular legislative session. The report is organized by subtopics and includes the measure number; the measure status: enacted [\checkmark] or not enacted [\times]; and a brief description of the measure.

General Government & Elections sub-topics:

- Audits
- Culture and Recreation
- Digital and IT Infrastructure
- Elections
- Federal and World Affairs
- General Government
- Legislative Assembly
- Property and Securities Administration
- Public Administration

- Public Contracting
- Public Employee Benefits and Compensation
- Public Records
- Resolutions Honoring People, Places, or Organizations
- Resolutions Proposing Constitutional Amendments

Audits

Would have required state agencies to produce materials relevant to audits conducted by the Secretary of State and prohibited the Secretary of State from using or disclosing confidential or privileged materials for any purpose except to carry out certain statutory duties.
 Would have aligned municipal audit standards with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountant standards.
 No longer requires certain state agencies to withhold money from municipal corporations that fail to file audit reports to the Secretary of State, among other technical changes related to municipal audits.

Culture and Recreation

Would have redirected state lottery funds to the Ontario Recreation District to construct the Ontario Community Recreation Center.

2023 REGULAR SESSION Page | 1

- Would have established a Cultural Impact Program, to be administered by the Administrator for the Trust for Cultural Development Board to provide ongoing support for cultural organizations throughout Oregon.
- Would have allowed cities in Oregon with a population of 600,000 or more to refer ballot measures to form park and recreation districts.
- HB 3532 Removes the annual administrative spending cap of \$400,000 from the Trust for Cultural Development Account, replacing it with a new cap of up to five percent of the value of the permanent Trust for Cultural Development Account to the Arts Program at the Oregon Business Development Department for program administration.

Digital and IT Infrastructure

- HB 2806 Authorizes governing bodies to meet in executive session to discuss safety, security, and cybersecurity issues.
- HB 3127 Prohibits the installation, download and use of certain software, hardware, and services from specific vendors onto state information technology assets.
- HB 3201 Requires the Oregon Business Development Department to provide grants and loans that support broadband access, affordability, and adoption. Updates current provisions for and affirms the use of the Oregon Broadband Fund for certain purposes.

Elections

- SB 53

 Adds ballot handling to the list of tasks for which a county clerk may employ personnel during an election and adds members of the household and domestic partners of a candidate to the list of persons who may not be employed to open envelopes, handle ballots, prepare ballots for counting, count ballots, and verify signatures on ballots.
- SB 166

 Guarantees each person's right to vote. Makes changes to county election security plans. Does not allow a person to donate more than \$100 per year in currency. Makes other changes to elections law, including extending the dates for submitting and verifying recall petitions; adding public records exemption for the resident addresses of persons living with election workers and signatures submitted on a signature sheet for initiatives and petitions; limiting the time period when political parties can request a list of electors; exempting certain costs from calculations of whether a candidate is required to file certain statements; excluding any candidate debate or forum for state office from being considered candidate contribution if the host uses neutral criteria; and



changing the notification requirements of the Secretary or Attorney General to when an investigation is opened.

SB 167 Would have:

- extended the dates for submitting and verifying recall petitions;
- changed the number of registration cards an individual or entity may receive;
- increased the number of most commonly spoken languages in each county into which the Secretary of State is required to translate voters' pamphlets;
- added the resident addresses of persons living with election workers, and signatures submitted on a signature sheet for initiatives and petitions, to public records disclosure exemptions;
- limited the time period when political parties could request a list of electors;
- exempted certain costs from calculations of whether a candidate is required to file certain statements;
- excluded any candidate debate or forum for state office from being considered a candidate contribution if the host uses neutral criteria; and
- changed the complaint requirements of the Secretary or Attorney General to notify a subject of a complaint that a complaint has been filed only if an investigation is opened.
- Limits what a public employee can do during work hours. Does not allow an employee to support or oppose a person for a public office. Does allow this if the person's job requires such work. It does not allow an employee to oppose or support an initiative, referendum, or recall petition.
- Would have increased the number of most commonly spoken languages in each county, other than English, into which the Secretary of State is required to translate and print state and county voters' pamphlets, from the top five to the top 10, among other provisions.
- Allows an otherwise qualified person who registers to vote as a member of a major political party on or before the precinct committeeperson candidacy filing deadline, and who becomes a United States citizen 251 or fewer days before the primary election, but before the candidacy filing deadline, to file a declaration of candidacy to become, and to be elected as, a precinct committeeperson.
- Authorizes the Secretary of State (SOS) to secure federal grant dollars to fund a pilot project to provide a live video feed of rooms in which ballots are counted and for official ballot drop sites. Authorizes the SOS to adopt rules for the location and operation of video cameras to ensure that they do not violate an election security plan.



HB 2004	✓	Refers to the voters a measure to establish ranked-choice voting. This method will be used to choose national and state offices. It also allows local government to use the same method and sets the process for ballots and counting votes. Requires the Secretary of State and county clerks to educate voters. Applies to voting conducted after January 1, 2028.
HB 2107	\	Expands automatic voter registration (AVR) to the Oregon Health Authority as of June 1, 2026, from information provided to the Oregon Health Plan (Medicaid).
HB 2585	×	Would have ended automatic voter registration and reestablished registration procedures that existed before the enactment of Oregon Motor Voter.
HB 2694	×	Would have permitted a 17-year-old who is registered to vote, affiliated with a major party, and would have been 18 years old at the time of the general election to participate in the primary election.
HB 3073	✓	Limits the public accessibility of a candidate's residence address listed on a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy, and the residence address of a candidate or elected official on the list of registered voters.
HB 3206	×	Would have permitted an individual who is 16 or 17 years of age and registered to vote to cast a ballot in school district elections.
HB 3509	×	Would have established ranked choice voting (RCV) as the voting method to determine nomination for and election to Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, Judge of the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, circuit court, or Oregon Tax Court, city or county office, metropolitan service district office, and any other nonpartisan office, except where home rule charter applies.
HB 3593	×	Would have required the name of each candidate be separately printed on the ballot with the name of each political party that nominated the candidate and allowed votes to be cast for the candidate and minor political party that nominated the candidate to be used to maintain status as a minor political party.

Federal and World Affairs

		Remembrance Day.
SB 776	×	Would have created a 13-member Task Force on Reparations to study and develop proposals for financial and nonfinancial reparations for Oregonians of African-American descent and to submit a report to an interim committee of the Legislative Assembly by September 15, 2024.

Designates the fourth Saturday in November of each year as Holodomor



SB 583

- SB 935 A Would have removed barriers for Ukraine refugees in Oregon, including prohibiting landlords from denying rental agreements based on lack of references and inability to verify information regarding rental history, and waiving Class C driving tests and license fees for refugees with a valid Ukrainian driver's license.
- SJM 6 Would have urged Congress to pass and the President to sign legislation granting statehood to Washington, D.C., as the 51st state of the Union.
- HCR 11 Recognizes and honors the Indian community in Oregon and extends congratulations and support for ongoing celebrations of India's independence.

General Government

- SB 571 Requires the Oregon 529 Savings Board to provide information to designated beneficiaries of an ABLE account about the potential impact to their benefits and services if contributions are made to a workplace retirement account.
- SB 612 A Would have appropriated funding for Pueblo Unido PDX to create language proficiency evaluations for interpreters of Indigenous languages spoken in present-day Mexico and Central and South America, and for Oregon Worker Relief for payments for certain interpretation services for languages that are national languages of small countries.
- Would have created the Commission for Original Peoples from South America, Central America and Mexico to work for the implementation and establishment of economic, social, legal, and political equity for individuals in Oregon who identify as Indigenous or Original Peoples, and speakers of Indigenous or Original languages, from South America, Central America, and Mexico.
- SB 1090 Would have maintained Oregon on Pacific Daylight Time (PDT) for 12 months of the calendar year, with exceptions.
- HB 2029 Increases minimum to 10-point type size for instruments presented for recording to county clerks.
- HB 2038 Requires statements of economic interest to include information about sources of income from both the businesses in which the public official or candidate, or member of the household of a public official or candidate, is an officer or holds a directorship, and for all names under which the public official or candidate and members of their households do business.



HB 2763	×	Establishes a State Public Bank Task Force to study and make recommendations regarding establishing a state public bank by September 2024. (Vetoed by Governor Tina Kotek – see letter).
HB 2764 B	×	Would have established a Missing Endangered Person Alert System and directed the Superintendent of State Police to establish a task force to design the system.
HB 2904	~	Requires Oregon Health and Science University to share information about the Oregon National Primate Research Center on a public website.
HB 2955	/	Designates August 4 as Bracero Program Day.
HB 3173	~	Establishes a state task force on Tribal consultation to identify and clarify requirements of state agencies to engage in tribal consultation.

Legislative Assembly

SB 27 Would have provided the ballot title and summary for the proposed X constitutional amendment found in Senate Joint Resolution 33. if it had been referred to the people by the Eighty-second Legislative Assembly. **SB 28** Creates a joint legislative committee to prepare the ballot title and explanatory statement for any amendment to the Oregon Constitution or Act referred to the ballot by the Eighty-second Legislative Assembly during the 2023 regular session. SB 661 Prohibits a lobbyist, except a public official who lobbies, from serving as the chairperson of an interim committee, or of a legislative work group or legislative task force staffed by nonpartisan staff. HB 2422 A Would have directed the Legislative Administrator to pay the costs of X reasonable accommodation of a member of the Legislative Assembly, who is afforded rights and protections as a person with disabilities under specified federal and state law, to enable the member to perform their duties. HB 2650 A Would have specified that task forces or work groups established by the X Legislative Assembly must comprise 50 percent of members from impacted groups and community organizations, and 25 percent of those members must be representatives of historically underrepresented communities. HB 2888 A Would have expanded the regular employment protections for members and X prospective members of the Legislative Assembly to include the granting of time off for the performance of legislative duties.



HB 3246 Would have made a person elected to serve as a Senator or Representative in X the Legislative Assembly eligible for health benefit plans offered by PEBB as of the date the oath of office is administered. HB 3625 Withdraws all previous applications from the Legislative Assembly for an amendment convention under Article V of the United States Constitution and declares those applications null and void. **HCR 38** Establishes limits on the number of measures that may be drafted for the 2024 legislative session by each Senator, Representative, and interim committee; the Governor; and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and establishes timelines by which these measures must be requested and completed. Informs Congress that all applications for an amendment convention under HJM 3 Article V of the United States Constitution that the Legislative Assembly has made before the effective date of House Bill 3625 (2023) are withdrawn and are null and void.

Resolutions Honoring People, Places, or Organizations

SCR₁ Condemns the violence and threats of violence against election workers and applauds the Oregon Association of County Clerks and all election workers for their professionalism and dedication to upholding fair and safe elections. SCR₂ Recognizes and honors the members of the Oregon National Guard. SCR 5 Memorializes the life and career of Mary Curtis Gramley (1936-2021). **SCR 13** Recognizes and honors Chief Woodrow Wilson "Woody" Whetstone for his service to this state. **SCR 14** Recognizes and honors Robin A. Church for her service to the people of Oregon. **SCR 16** Declares the legislative intent to make Oregon a model for the country by addressing inequities facing Compacts of Free Association (COFA) islanders residing in the state, through legislation introduced in the 2024 legislative session, that codifies the right of COFA islanders to receive all safety net benefits in the state that are provided to other Oregon residents. **SCR 18** Adjourns sine die the 2023 regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative Assembly. HCR 1 Commemorates the 150th anniversary of Southern Oregon University (SOU) and congratulates the university, tens of thousands of SOU alumni, and all Oregonians on this significant public milestone of service, leadership, and contributions to the State of Oregon.



HCR 2	✓	Honors and celebrates the life and accomplishments of Kendra "Kennie" Parry and expresses gratitude for her service to the people of the State of Oregon.
HCR 4	/	Declares March as Social Work Month in Oregon.
HCR 5	✓	Recognizes and honors James Alan "Jim" Meyer for his lifetime of leadership, service, and dedication.
HCR 8	✓	Acknowledges Oregon's connection to shelter dogs and cats and designates rescued shelter dogs and cats as the official pet of the State of Oregon.
HCR 10	~	Recognizes and honors John and Shirley Vandermosten for their lifetimes of public service and leadership.
HCR 11	✓	Recognizes and honors the Indian community as an integral part of Oregon's shared journey and extends heartfelt congratulations and support for the ongoing celebrations of India's independence.
HCR 12	~	Honors and celebrates the life of Frank Moore and expresses gratitude for his service to the people of the State of Oregon.
HCR 13	~	Recognizes and honors Specialist Four Michael Lee Wilkins for his service to his country.
HCR 18	~	Recognizes and honors the Classroom Law Project for 40 years of dedicated service to Oregon's students, teachers, and communities, expresses gratitude for its commitment to civic education and community betterment, and celebrates its hard work, dedication, and unique role in Oregon.
HCR 21	✓	Recognizes and honors Officer Gary Lavaughn Sumpter (1938-1969) for his service to this state.
HCR 24	✓	Recognizes and honors Leonard Jules "Len" Bergstein for his lifetime of counsel, service, and dedication to make Oregon a better place to live, work, and play.
HCR 25	~	Commemorates the 75th anniversary of Oregon Institute of Technology and congratulates Oregon Tech, the more than 20,000 Oregon Tech alumni, and all Oregonians on this significant public milestone of service, leadership, and contributions to the State of Oregon.
HCR 26	✓	Honors and celebrates the life and accomplishments of Willie Bell Richardson and expresses gratitude for her service to the people of Oregon.



Resolutions Proposing Constitutional Amendments

- HJR 5 Would have proposed a new section to declare a constitutional right to fish, hunt, or harvest wildlife and gather wild foods by traditional methods or manners, subject to laws enacted by the Legislative Assembly and wildlife conservation and management rules adopted by state agencies, that did not abrogate any public or private property rights or the sovereignty of Oregon over
- the impeachment of statewide elected officials of the Executive Branch by the House of Representatives and Senate for malfeasance or corrupt conduct in office, willful neglect of statutory or constitutional duty, or other felony or high crime
- Would have proposed an amendment to the Oregon Constitution lowering the voting age from 18 years of age to 16 years of age.
- SJR 33 A Would have proposed an amendment to Oregon Constitution to provide examples of rights of which denial or abridgment would violate the existing constitutional guarantee of equality of rights and repealed the constitutional policy of legally recognizing only marriages between one man and one woman.
- SJR 34 Proposes an amendment to the Oregon Constitution to establish the Independent Public Service Compensation Commission to determine salaries for specific public officials.

Property and Securities Administration

- HB 2031 Renames "Board of Property Tax Appeals" to "Property Value Appeals Board" as of July 1, 2024.
- Clarifies the process for collecting any unpaid charges against real property if an instrument conveying the fee title to that property to an entity whose property is exempt from taxation is recorded without the county assessor's certificate.
- Specifies securities subject to unclaimed property provisions are considered abandoned after three years following the owner's last communication or the owner's death, among other provisions related to securities and abandoned property.
- HB 2274 Authorizes the Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services to request documents from people offering, purchasing, or selling securities to monitor investors who are deemed to be vulnerable persons.



Public Administration

SB 11 Requires executive department and Senate confirmed state boards or commissions that conduct public meetings via telephone or electronic means to record and promptly publish the meeting on a publicly accessible website or hosting service. **SB 38** Would have required the Department of Environmental Quality, the X Department of State Lands, and the Department of Transportation to apply the applicable rules that are in effect on the date a complete permit application is received to that permit application, or do so 60 days after the permit application is received if the agency does not notify the applicant of deficiencies in the application. **SB 42** Would have required consideration of any resultant job loss and consumer cost X impacts when considering the economic impact of an administrative rule adoption, repeal, or amendment. Would have required agencies to report to Legislative Fiscal Officer on fiscal impacts of administrative rules as part of presenting budget requests in each odd-numbered year regular session of the Legislative Assembly. **SB 44** Would have established the Office of the Business Ombudsman in the Oregon X Department of Administrative Services to assist Oregon businesses with regulatory compliance and mediate interactions with state agencies. SB 203 Transfers the Director of Affirmative Action from the office of the Governor to the Department of Administrative Services. SB 207 Authorizes the Oregon Government Ethics Commission to proceed on its own motion, as though it received a complaint, if it has reason to believe that a violation of the executive session provisions of public meetings law exists. SB 538 A Would have allowed a state agency that accepts or collects payment by credit X or debit card to add a fee or surcharge to offset the amount charged or withheld from the state agency accepting the credit or debit card payment. SB 853 Would have prohibited the state from paying costs of travel to or from Oregon for a state employee, if the employees' principal worksite was more than 60 miles outside of Oregon. Would have provided exceptions: if a collective bargaining agreement provided for paying travel costs to or from Oregon or essential requirements of the position made it necessary for an employee to telecommute from outside of Oregon. SB 1095 Provides guidance to and makes adjustments related to the membership of certain boards and commissions whose governing body is based in whole or in



of the emergency clause in SB 1095 – see letter).

part on congressional districts, to account for the increase in congressional districts due to reapportionment. (Governor Tina Kotek issued a line-item veto

HB 2056	✓	Clarifies that reserves are the public entities' funds and can be used to benefit the programs' public bodies.
HB 2159	~	Requires the State Treasurer to establish by policy the content of a supplemental quarterly statement of investment activity based on the best practices for state investment funds and be comparable in scope to disclosure requirements for investment advisors under federal law. Requires an expanded list of Treasury employees to file this supplemental statement.
HB 2266	✓	Adds one member from the Department of the State Fire Marshal and one member from the Oregon emergency management community to the State Interoperability Executive Council.
HB 2267	~	Removes the requirement that Oregon Geographic Information Council voting member terms begin on January 1, and establishes a new four-year term for voting members and a new two-year term for nonvoting members when a member is appointed to fill a vacancy.
HB 2601	X	Would have required the State Treasurer to exit carbon-intensive investments.
HB 2805	~	Allows a governing body to convene via videoconferencing, email, and by using an intermediary to communicate among participants. Requires the Oregon Government Ethics Commission to prepare training on new requirements and grants authority to the commission to conduct investigations of violation complaints.
HB 2892	×	Would have allowed state agencies to pre-qualify nonprofit agencies for grant funding that does not identify a specific program area, allocation, spending target, or line item for the funds. Would have required the Legislative Assembly to biannually identify critical issues, needs, and priorities for this grant funding.
HB 2914	~	Requires the Department of State Lands to establish the Oregon Abandoned and Derelict Vessel Program and Oregon Abandoned and Derelict Vessel Fund.
HB 3141	~	Makes the appointment of the chief administrative law judge (ALJ) by the Governor subject to Senate confirmation, changes the chief ALJ qualification requirements, and directs the Employment Department to conduct a public candidate search, recruitment, and application process to assist the Oversight Committee in making recommendations to the Governor on the appointment of a chief ALJ.
HB 3167	~	Changes definitions to allow the publication of legal notices in both printed newspapers and digital newspapers. Allows the publication of notices in a newspaper that produces local news where at least 25 percent is locally and originally composed, regardless of where the newspaper is produced or printed and in situations where the newspaper recognized as best suited for



publication of public notices ceases to operate and no suitable alternative exists.

- Would have required the Department of Corrections to collect information on the last-known address of adults in custody and submit that information to the Secretary of State to reflect the residence status of adults in custody, and by the legislature when drawing state legislative maps.
- Would have allowed the Oregon Advocacy Commissions Office and the four commissions to employ paid interns and the staff necessary to supervise interns and appropriated funding to employ paid interns.

Public Contracting

- Would have allowed a contracting agency that uses public funds to procure goods or services for public use to give preference to a nonprofit charitable organization, if goods or services provided by the organization cost no more than 10 percent more than goods or services available from a for-profit contractor.
- Would have permitted a contracting agency to grant preference for the procurement of goods and services that are fabricated, processed, or have services performed in Oregon provided the cost is no more than five percent greater than if those goods and services were not processed, fabricated, or performed in Oregon, and the contracting agency determined that the cost would offset environmental costs attributable to the transportation of out-of-state goods or services.
- SB 606 Creates the 15-member Task Force on Modernizing Grant Funding and Contracting, which examines how the state's granting and public procurement practices limit the wages of employees of nonprofit organizations.
- Would have required public bodies that contract for capital construction projects that have an estimated cost of at least \$1 million and use at least \$750,000 in funds of a public agency or money made available to Oregon under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 to enter into project labor agreements (PLAs).
- SB 1047 Increases the contract price threshold for the procurement of small and intermediate public contracts and requires the Department of Administrative Services to promote a policy of diversity, equity, and inclusion in public contracting.
- Would have updated and streamlined the ability of a public agency to create, administer, and participate in a cooperative procurement.



HB 2178	×	Would have required agencies to submit with agency budget requests an analysis of which goods and services could be acquired from the Department of Corrections and Oregon Corrections Enterprises work programs.
HB 3332	\	Requires any state contracting agency that procures public improvement contracts or contracts for public works, with an estimated contract value of \$150,000 or more, to include in solicitation documents a clear and conspicuous notice that the resulting public improvement contract or contract for public works will require contractors to use metal manufactured products made in the United States.
HB 3572	~	Encourages contracting agencies to grant preference to procuring public-use goods and services from a benefit company, of which most of its regular and full-time workforce operates in Oregon at the time of bidding.

Public Employee Benefits and Compensation

	<u>-</u> -	
SB 128	~	Requires housing allowance paid to a prison chaplain who is a member of the Public Employees Retirement System be treated as taxable income under Oregon law only to determine salary.
SB 195	×	Would have exempted overtime hours worked for the Oregon State Police from overtime hours limitation in final average salary calculations for the Public Employees Retirement System.
SB 403	×	Would have allowed a person who retired as a police officer from the Oregon State Police to participate in a group health benefit plan offered by the Public Employees' Benefit Board (PEBB) without increasing premiums.
SB 987	×	Would have directed the Public Employees Retirement Board to study approaches to lowering employer contribution rates paid by public charter schools under the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS).
HB 2054	~	Allows district and deputy district attorneys to qualify for police officer and firefighter unit benefits under the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS).
HB 2283	✓	Amends, clarifies, and modernizes Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) statutes.
HB 2284	~	Increases fees the Public Employee Retirement Board may charge in connection with alternative payees required by divorces, dissolutions of marriage, and other settlement agreements.
HB 2285	~	Removes outdated language regarding the collection and administration of FICA taxes in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and repeals a statute excluding these funds from the PERS budget.



- HB 2296 Extends the sunset date that allows retired members of the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) to be reemployed by participating public employers for an unlimited number of hours without a reduction in pension benefits, if the administrative head of the public employer is satisfied the employment is in the public interest (established by SB 1049 [2019]).
- Would have required the Department of Administrative Services to review and update classification and compensation plans for individuals employed by community developmental disabilities programs or support services.
- Would have created a definition for "hazardous position" in statute, limited to Oregon State Hospital employees who have direct contact with patients and 9-1-1 telecommunicators, for a lower retirement age, normal retirement age, and to calculate pension benefits.
- Would have allowed 600 hours a calendar year of overtime for calculating the final average salary for retirement and benefits for Oregon State Police.

Public Records

- SB 160 Would have required public bodies to reduce public records fees by 40 percent if the request is made in the public interest, and by between 50 and 100 percent if the request is also narrowly tailored.
- SB 417 Would have directed public bodies to perform search, review, and duplication work when responding to public records requests in the least expensive manner reasonably possible.
- HB 2112 Adds tribal cultural purposes to considerations for appraising records for retention, makes the records retention purposes and values consistent across various statutes, and updates references to obsolete technology.
- Clarifies that the personal information of employees and volunteers of a public body is exempt from disclosure regardless of record type where information is maintained and adds an exemption for the personal information of employees and retirees maintained in another retirement system operated by a public body.



Legislative Summary Report | General Government & Elections

HB 3170

Would have directed the Department of Transportation to disclose personal information from motor vehicle records to mass transit districts for investigations and ordinance enforcement.

HB 3171

Makes communications from a mass transit district employee to a peer support counselor confidential and non-disclosable.

Staff

Melissa Leoni, Legislative Analyst Leslie Porter, Legislative Analyst

Legislative Policy and Research Office

Oregon State Capitol | (503) 986-1813 | www.oregonlegislature.gov/lpro

Please note that the Legislative Policy and Research Office provides centralized, nonpartisan research and issue analysis for Oregon's legislative branch. The Legislative Policy and Research Office does not provide legal advice. Legislative Summary Reports contain general information that is current as of the date of publication. Subsequent action by the legislative, executive, or judicial branches may affect accuracy.

