

SB 22 bills summary states “that declarations and extensions of states of emergency... be accompanied by written explanations. Establishes durational limits for states of emergency.... Provides that certain extensions of states of emergency may be made only with approval of Legislative Assembly. Provides that emergency rules and orders expire upon termination of state of emergency. Provides that, after termination of state of emergency, Governor may not declare another state of emergency for same purpose unless so authorized by Legislative Assembly.” Recent history shows the legislature must be more involved in determining ‘emergency’ response as stated in *Elkhorne v. Brown* (2020). SB 22 would have simply provided transparency to citizens then require elected legislators to act in support or opposition in a timely manner to emergencies declared by the Governor.